



Scenario & Hands-on 1-2
Basic Configuration-Transparent mode

1 2 3 4 5 6

#	Name	Address	UserAuthGroups	Comments
0	wan1_ip	192.168.174.71		
1	wan1net	192.168.174.0/24		
2	wan2_ip	192.168.120.254		
3	wan2net	192.168.120.0/24		
4	dmz_ip	172.17.100.254		
5	dmznet	172.17.100.0/24		
6	lan1_ip	192.168.174.71		
7	lan1net	192.168.174.0/24		
8	lan2_ip	192.168.2.1		
9	lan2net	192.168.2.0/24		
10	lan3_ip	192.168.3.1		
11	lan3net	192.168.3.0/24		

Configure the IP object in address book of Object to same
 •Click “address book” in Object
 •Configure IP address of WAN1 and LAN1

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Enable transparent mode for WAN1 and LAN1
 •Click “Ethernet” under “Interface”
 •Enable transparent in WAN1 interface and add the object of gateway “Default Gateway”
 •Disable “add route for interface network”

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The screenshot shows two windows side-by-side. On the left is the 'Ethernet' window, which lists various interfaces: wan1, wan2, dmz, lan1, lan2, and lan3. The 'lan1' interface is selected and highlighted with a red box labeled '1'. On the right is the 'lan1' interface configuration window. It has tabs for General, Hardware Settings, and Advanced. Under General, the 'Name' is set to 'lan1', 'IP Address' is 'lan1_ip', 'Network' is 'all-nets' (highlighted with a red box labeled '3'), and 'Default Gateway' is '(None)'. There are checkboxes for 'Enable DHCP Client' (unchecked) and 'Enable Transparent Mode' (checked). A sidebar on the right shows a tree view with 'Interfaces' expanded, showing 'Ethernet' (highlighted with a red box labeled '2') and 'VLAN'. Other options like 'iSec Tunnels', 'PPPoE Tunnels', etc., are listed under the main tree.

Enable transparent mode for WAN1 and LAN1

- Click “Ethernet” in Interface
- Enable transparent on LAN1 interface
- Disable “add route for interface network”

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The screenshot shows two windows side-by-side. On the left is the 'Untitled' window for creating an IP rule. It has a 'General' tab with fields: 'Name' (WAN1-to-LAN1), 'Action' (Allow), 'Service' (all_icmp), and 'Schedule' (None). A red box labeled '1' highlights the 'Service' field. On the right is another 'Untitled' window for creating an IP rule, also with 'General' tab fields: 'Name' (LAN1-to-WAN1), 'Action' (Allow), 'Service' (all_services), and 'Schedule' (None). A red box labeled '3' highlights the 'Service' field. Both windows have an 'Address Filter' section where source and destination are set to 'wan1' and 'lan1' respectively, with networks 'all-nets' (highlighted with a red box labeled '2'). A red box labeled '4' highlights the 'Comments' section. A sidebar on the right shows a tree view with 'Rules' expanded, showing 'IP Rules' (highlighted with a red box) and 'Access'.

Add the “Service” rule under IP rules(WAN1 to LAN1 and LAN1 to WAN1)

- Click “IP rules” in Rules
- Choose the correct Action,Service,Interface and Network for the rule

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- Create the DHCP relay for LAN1 to WAN1
- Click “DHCP relays” under “System” → “DHCP Settings”
- Choose the correct Action,Service,Interface and Network for the rule

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After all configuration , Click “configuration” in main bar

- Click “Save and Activate”

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Basic Configuration-**Transparent mode**

Get IP address from DHCP server and ping to gateway

Testing Result

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Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
  IP Address . . . . . : 192.168.174.190
  Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.174.254

C:\Documents and Settings\Joe Lee>ping 192.168.174.254

Pinging 192.168.174.254 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.174.254: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=30

Ping statistics for 192.168.174.254:
  Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
  Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```